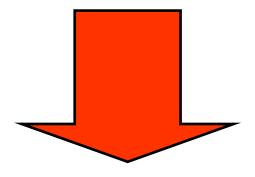
# **Roman Epigraphy Masterclass**

prof. Lorenzo Calvelli - Ca' Foscari University of Venice

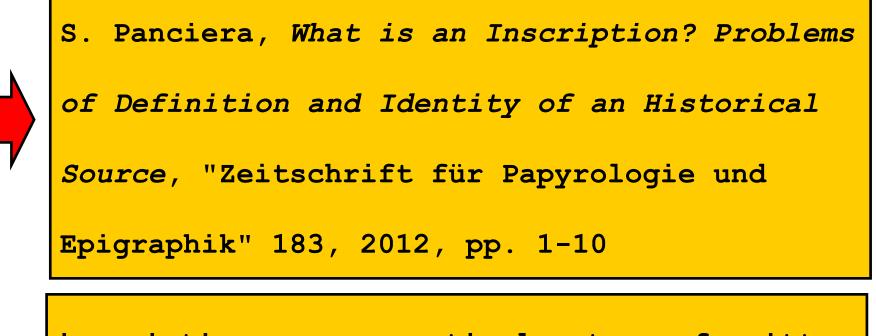
lorenzoc@unive.it







science that studies <u>written documents</u> which are <u>inscribed</u> on <u>different supports</u> <u>material</u> (stone, metal, ceramics, glass etc.) <u>form</u> (all sorts of monuments and daily objects, non-movable items such as rocks etc.)



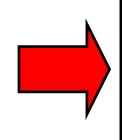
inscription = «any particular type of written

human communication of the sort that we would

today call unidirectional, in the sense that

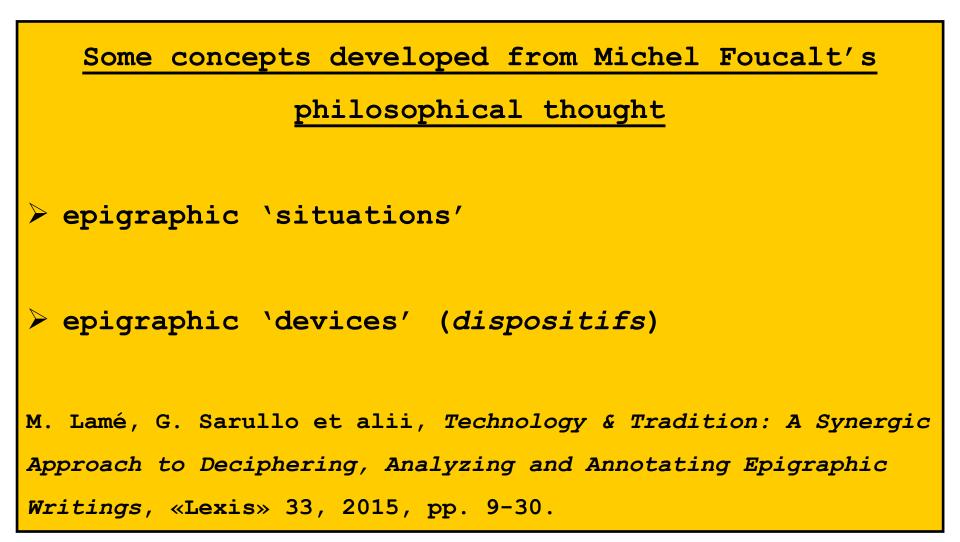
it does not anticipate that a response will

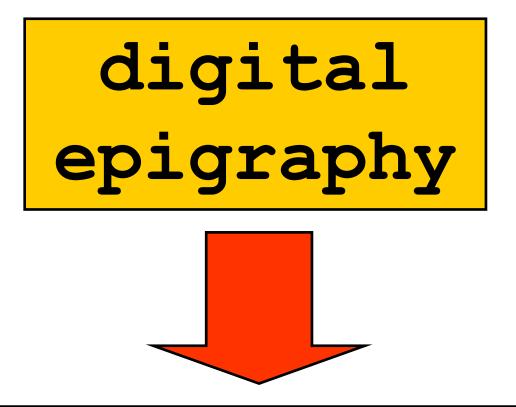
be provided to the sender»



## epigraphy is the science that studies

communication through written media





# the use of digital tools and technologies to investigate writing systems produced by human societies



# MNAMON Ancient writing systems in the Mediterranean

A CRITICAL GUIDE TO ELECTRONIC RESOURCES

ITALIANO ENGLISH FRANÇAIS

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Writing Systems (A-Z)								
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# https://mnamon.sns.it



# NSCRIBE

INVENTION OF SCRIPTS AND THEIR BEGINNINGS





HOME	ABOUT	OUTPUT 👻	TEAM 👻	EVENTS 👻	GALLERY	PRESS 👻	JOBS	CONTACTS	
Home / A	BOUT								

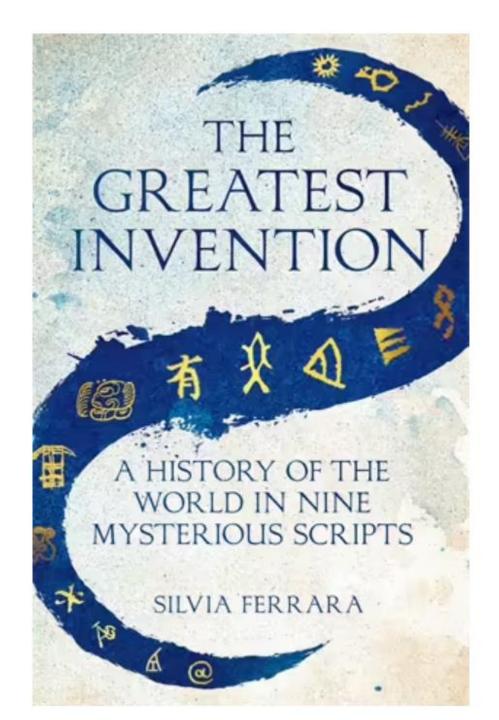
#### ABOUT

#### We investigate one of the greatest inventions in history

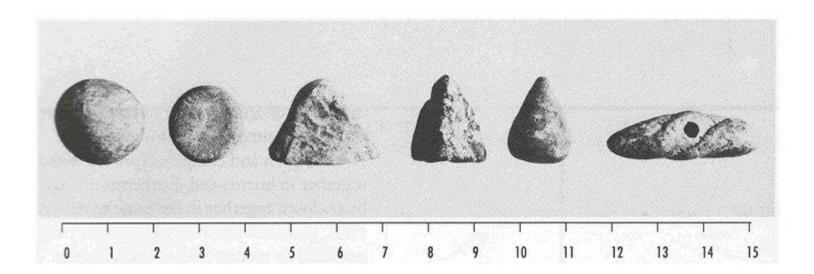
#### WRITING

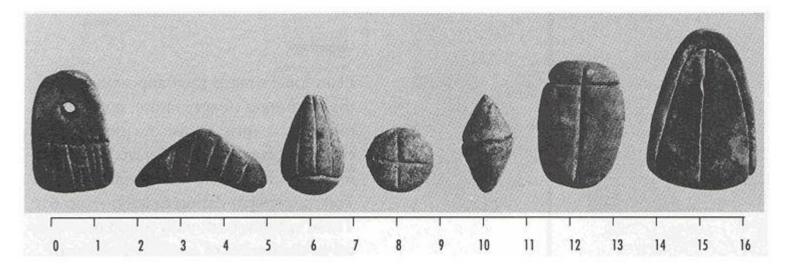
INSCRIBE is a 5-year project funded by the European Commission under the ERC Consolidator grant program (2018-2023) composed by a strongly interdisciplinary team of researchers. INSCRIBE examines the factors that made the invention of writing possible, when this was done as an original creation, in different parts of the world. This question has never been approached through a comparative perspective that includes writing systems that we can read, but those whose languages are still unknown.

# https://site.unibo.it/inscribe

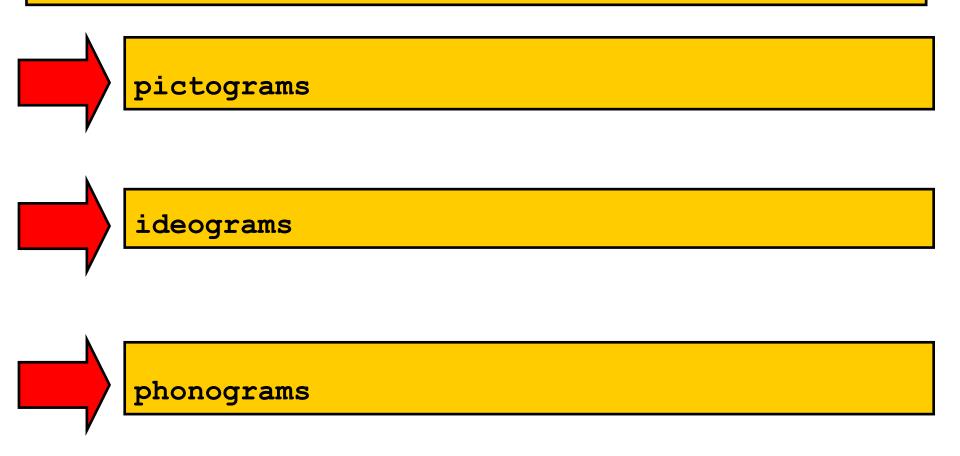


### Plain and complex tokens





## The evolution of writing





#### PICTOGRAM

**IDEOGRAM** 

PHONOGRAM

#### The evolution of cuneiform writing



## cdli CUNEIFORM DIGITAL LIBRARY INITIATIVE

A joint project of the University of California, Los Angeles, th University of Oxford, and the Max Planck Institute for th History of Science, Berli Terms of Use Site Search Internal logi



#### NEWS IN THE COLI

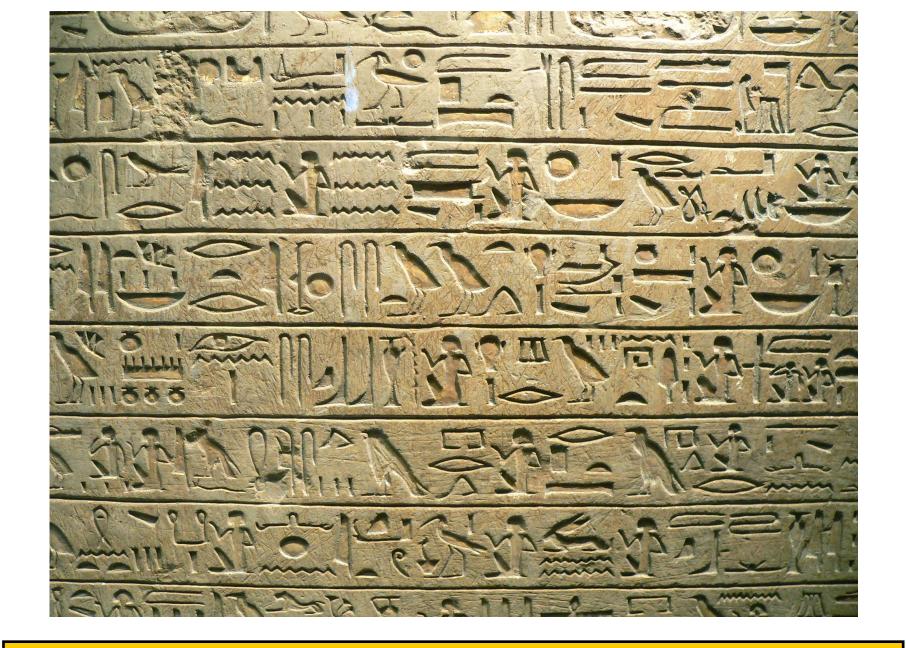
- Time to test the cdli development site!
- Memorial video in honor of CDLI founder Robert K. Englund
- CDLI Newsletter 2021/2: October 2021
- CDLI Newsletter 2021/1: January 2021
- CDLI Newsletter 2020/1: June 2020
- Obituary for Robert K. Englund
- The National Museum of Iran Cuneiform Collection joins CDLI
- CDLI selected to participate in Google's 2018 Summer of Code program
- "cdli tablet" joins the Android family
- CDLI website encrypted to ensure user privacy
- CDLI core update

#### RELATED PROJECTS

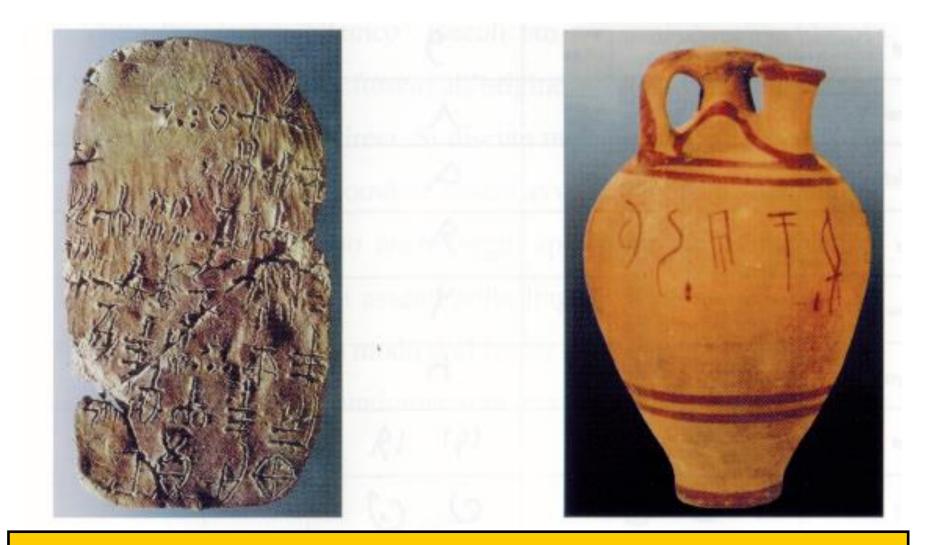
- · Mesopotamian Royal Inscriptions
- Mesopotamian Seals
- Nimrud NW Palace
- Machine Translation and Automated Analysis of Cuneiform Languages (MTAAC)
- · Oracc: website; github
- ePSD
- Electronic Text Corpus of Sumerian
   Literature
- Database of Neo-Sumerian Texts
- · The Ancient World Online
- KeiBi online
- Electronic Tools and Ancient Near Eastern Archives
- Hethitologie Portal Mainz
- CultureMATH

#### **TOOLS & RESOURCES**

- CDLI user information
- Download CDLI files
- List of abbreviations
- Who's who in earlier cuneiform studies?
- Sign lists
- Preferred sign readings
- Oracc sign list
- · CDLI scores
- Digitization and processing guidelines
- Mesopotamian year names
- Ur III month names
- Gelb library
- cdli tablet
- Utilities



Egyptian hieroglyphs

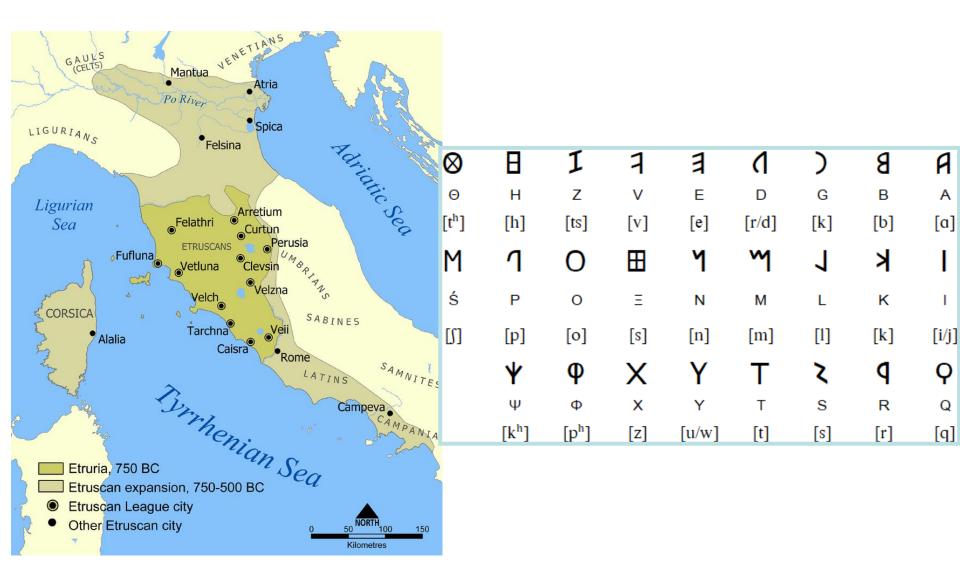


Linear A



Phoenician	Phoenician name	Modern symbol	Early Greek	Classical Greek	Græk name	Early Latin	Classical Latin
キタヘヘヨイ	'aleph beth gimel daleth hc waw	, g d h w	<b>₹</b> ₩~~ ₩~~	щрлар Greek	alpha beta ganima delta epsilon digamma		A B C D E F G
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そころらす。 つて 日 A S X	samek ayin pe sade qoph	° p s o	<u></u>	0 n	xi omicron pi san qoppa	o	O P Q
.∇ ≥ X	reš šin ' taw	r sh/s t	-ک-ک	P X Y	rho sigma tau upsilon	\$ ∨	Q R S T V
				r v	chi omega		X Y Z

Alphabetic
writing:
Phoenician and
Greek



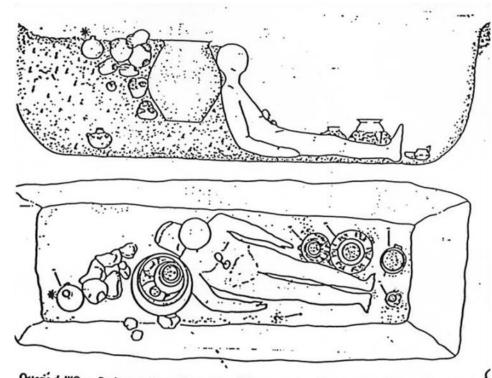
#### The Etruscan civilization and alphabet

#### The beginnings of writing in Italy:

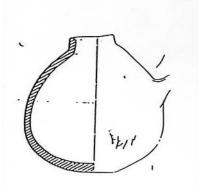
#### 8th century BCE



## The oldest inscribed document from Italy



Osseria dell'Osa. Sezione e pianta ricostruttive della seconda lase di deposizione (inumazione 183 sollevata e appoggiata al dolio dell'incinerazione 182). 7700. C. CIACO.







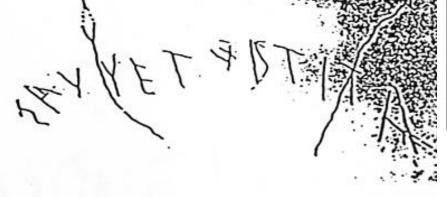
After the children [Romulus and Remus] were weaned, they were sent by those who were rearing them to Gabii, a town not far from the Palatine hill, to be instructed in Greek learning; and there they were brought up by some personal friends of Faustulus, being taught letters, music, and the use of Greek arms until they grew to manhood.

Dionysius of Halicarnassus, *Roman* Antiquities, 1, 84, 5

# The oldest inscription in Latin

## Salvetod Tita.

Greetings, Tita!





EAGLE ELECTRONIC ARCHIVE OF GREEK AND LATIN EPIGRAPHY International Federation of Epigraphic Databases under the patronage of Association Internationale d'Épigraphie Greeque et Latine - AIEGL

1

Schedae numerus: EDR020776 TM numerus: 251974 Regio antiqua: LaC Regio nostrae aetatis: I Urbs antiqua: Gabii TMGEO Urbs nostrae aetatis: Roma, Pantano Borghese Locus inventionis: Roma, loc. Castiglione, necropoli dell'Osteria dell'Osa, tomba 115 (fase IV B), scavo a. 1977 Locus adservationis: Roma, Museo Nazionale Romano - Terme di Diocleziano, Inv. 379929 Rerum inscriptarum distributio: vas, mensa olla Rei materia: creta impasto rosso Mensurae: Alt.: 27.3 Lat.: ? Crass./Diam.: 30 litt. alt.: 1,2-1,8 Status tituli: tit. integer Scriptura: litt. scariph. Lingua: latina Religio: Pagana Titulorum distributio: cetera Virorum distributio: cet. Editiones: Archeologia Laziale, 3 (Quad. Centro Stud. Arch. Etr. It., 4), Roma 1980, pp. 51-55, con fotogtrafia e facsimile (G. Colonna) = G. Colonna, Italia ante romanum imperium. Scritti di antichità etrusche, italiche e roman AE 1991, 0396 (2) A. De Santis in A.M. Bietti Sestieri (a cura di), La necropoli laziale di Osteria dell'Osa, Roma, 1992, p. 843, n. 115, 1, con fig. 3c.54 (3) cfr. M. Kajava, Roman Female Praenomina. Studies in the Nomenclature of Roman Women, Roma 1994, p. 83 (4) M. Hartmann, Die fr
ülateinischen Inschriften und ihre Datierung, Bremen 2005, pp. 34-35, 2.1.12, con fotografie e facsimile (5) cfr. P. Poccetti, in L'Umbro e le altre lingue dell'Italia mediana antica, Perugia 2009, p. 194 (uso dell'imperativo futuro) (6) La grande Roma dei Tarquini (Atti del XVII Convegno Internazionale di Studi sulla Storia e l'Archeologia dell'Etruria), Roma 2010, pp. 374-376, 1.2.1 (A.L. Prosdocimi) (7) Terme di Diocleziano. La collezione epigrafica, Milano 2012, pp. 102-103, II,4 cum imagine photographica et alia bibliographia (D.F. Maras) (8) cfr. Colons et colonies dans le monde romain, Rome 2012, p. 370 nt. 25 (S. Panciera) (9) cfr. Bull. Inst. Class. Stud., 58-1, 2015, p. 15 (R. Janko) (10) cfr. M. Muscariello, in Genres épigraphiques et languages d'attestation fragmentaire dans l'espace méditerranéen, Rouen 2015, p. 52 con facsimile a fig. 2 (aspetti grafici e linguistici) (11) A. Morandi, Epigrafía Italica 2, Roma 2017, p. 82 nr. 71 (12) Textus: Salvetod Tita. Mostra Correzioni/Normalizzazioni Apparatus: Textus secundum (1)-(8), (10)-(11); contulit ad imaginem D. Nonnis (a. 2015) Iscrizione graffita (da sinistra verso destra, in scriptio continua) sulla fascia inferiore di un'olla d'impasto rosso, pertinente al corredo della tomba 115 di Osteria dell'Osa. Una cronologia più risalente (ca. 670 a.C.) è proposta da (10). Tempus: 630 a.C. / 600 a.C. (lingua; archaeologia; palaeographia) Schedae scriptor: DAVID NONNIS (GIOVANNA DI GIACOMO / DAVID NO) Tempus schedae: 16-02-2016 (14-08-2020)

## The fibula Praenestina



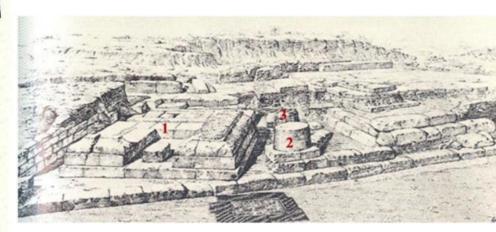
# MANICZ: MYED: FEE: FEAKED: NV/WALIOI

Manios med fhefhaked Numasioi. = Manius me fecit Numerio.

Schedae numerus: EDR111721 TM numerus: 256173 Regio antiqua: LaC Regio nostrae aetatis: I Urbs antiqua: Praeneste TMGEO Urbs nostrae aetatis: Palestrina (Roma) Locus inventionis: Palestrina (Roma), voc. San Rocco, tomba Bernardini (?) (a. 1876) Locus adservationis: Roma, Museo Nazionale Preistorico Etnografico L. Pigorini. Inv. 152294 Rerum inscriptarum distributio: monile, fibula Rei materia: aurum Mensurae: Alt.: 2.5 Lat.: 10.7 Crass./Diam.: ? litt. alt.: 0.13-0,4 Status tituli: tit. integer Scriptura: caelo Lingua: latina Religio: Pagana Titulorum distributio: cetera, donum Virorum distributio: cet. Editiones: CIL 14, 04123, con facsimile (1) ILS 8561 (2) CIL 01 (2 ed.), 0003 (3), cfr. pp. 717 (4), 855 (cum alia bibliographia) (5) ILLRP 0001 (6) Daidalos, 5, 2004, pp. 1-34 (M. Mancini), con ampia bibliografia (7) SupplIt Imagines - Latium 01, 0800, cum alia bibliographia (8) A. Franchi de Bellis, La fibula di Numasio e la coppa dei Veturii (Quad. Ist. Ling. Univ. Urbino, 12), Alessandria 2007, pp. 68-123, con fotografie (tavv. I-II) e ampia bibliografia precedente (9) Wolfang Helbig e la scienza dell'antichità del suo tempo, Roma 2011, pp. 181-215, cum imagine photographica (A. Franchi De Bellis) (10) Wolfang Helbig e la scienza dell'antichità del suo tempo, Roma 2011, pp. 217-227 (H. Solin) (sulla storia degli studi e sul problema dell'autenticità) (11) cfr. Wolfang Helbig e la scienza dell'antichità del suo tempo, Roma 2011, pp. 229-235 (C. De Simone) (sugli aspetti linguistici) (12) Oltre Roma. Nei Colli Albani e Prenestini al tempo del Grand Tour, Roma 2012, pp. 368-370, P 2.36 c con fotografia (E. Mangani) (13) Terme di Diocleziano. La collezione epigrafica, Milano 2012, pp. 92-94, II,1 cum imagine photographica (P. Poccetti) (14) Bollettino di Paletnologia Italiana, 99, 2011-2014, pp. 1-41 (E. Mangani) (15) cfr. Bollettino di Paletnologia Italiana, 99, 2011-2014, pp. 43-72 (D. Ferri - E. Formigli) (analisi archeometriche) (16) cfr. Bollettino di Paletnologia Italiana, 99, 2011-2014, pp. 43-72 (M. Buonocore) (storia degli studi) (17) cfr. Bollettino di Paletnologia Italiana, 99, 2011-2014, pp. 83-93 (G.L. Carancini) (aspetti tipologici della fibula) (18) Bollettino di Paletnologia Italiana, 99, 2011-2014, pp. 95-100 (G. Colonna) (19) cfr. Bollettino di Paletnologia Italiana, 99, 2011-2014, pp. 101-102 (C. De Simone) (20) cfr. Bollettino di Paletnologia Italiana, 99, 2011-2014, pp. 103-112 (A. Franchi de Bellis) (21) Bollettino di Paletnologia Italiana, 99, 2011-2014, pp. 113-122 (D.F. Maras) (22) cfr. Bollettino di Paletnologia Italiana, 99, 2011-2014, pp. 123-146 (P. Poccetti) (storia degli studi e analisi linguistica) (23) cfr. Bollettino di Paletnologia Italiana, 99, 2011-2014, pp. 147-153 (M. Sannibale) (24) cfr. Aurum. Funzioni e simbologie dell'oro nelle culture del Mediterraneo antico, Roma 2014, pp. 364-372 (P. Poccetti) (interpretazione del testo) (25) Epigraphica, 77, 2015, pp. 85-101 (M. Limón Belén (sull'autenticità della fibula) (26) cfr. Omnia mutantur, II, Barcelona 2016, pp. 29-38 (I. Adiego Lajara) (sull'autenticità della fibula e della sua iscrizione) (27) A. Morandi, Epigrafia Italica 2, Roma 2017, pp. 77-78 nr. 62, cum imaginibus photographicis (Tav. XIII, 2-3) et apographo (28) Rivista Italiana di Linguistica e di Dialettologia, 22, 2020, pp. 9-46 (B.M. Prosper) (29) Journal of Latin Linguistics, 20,1, 2021, pp. 75-108 (M. Mancini) (30) Textus: Manios med vhevhaked Numasioi. Mostra Correzioni/Normalizzazioni Apparatus: Textus secundum (1)-(10) e (14)-(15) e (20); contulit ad imaginem D. Nonnis a. 2011. Iscrizione incisa, da destra verso sinistra, sulla staffa

interpunzione tra le parole resa mediante coppia di punti (:); interpunzione sillabica (resa mediante fila di tre punti) in vhe.vhaked (sillaba raddoppiata). Per l'ipotesi di una redazione originaria del testo incisa sulla staffa (Manios med vhe:vhe:ked), con forma verbale forse derivante da diplografia cfr. (22) Tempus: 670 a.C. / 630 a.C. (archaeologia; lingua; palaeographia) Schedae scriptor: David NONNIS Tempus schedae: 02-01-2013 (07-11-2021)

The so-called Lapis niger



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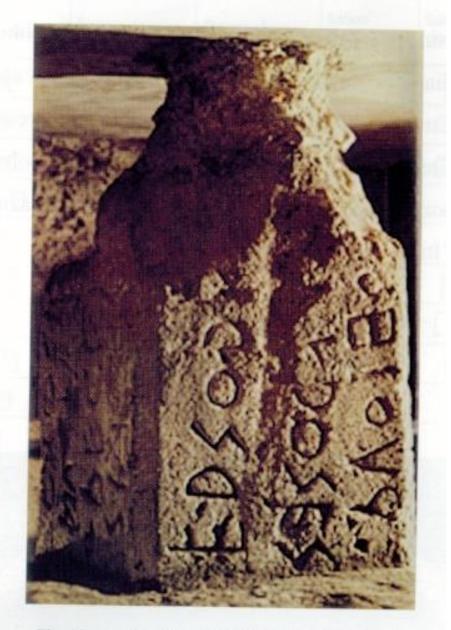


Fig. 10 Lapis niger, cippo del Foro di Roma, recante una delle più antiche iscrizioni latine. The so-called Lapis niger

<u>Quoi hou[ke stloqom</u> <u>violased Manibos s]akros</u> <u>esed</u>

<u>Qui hunc locum violaverit</u> <u>Manibus sacer sit</u>

Schedae numerus: EDR071720 TM numerus: 263149 Regio antiqua: Roma Regio nostrae aetatis: I Urbs antiqua: Roma TMGEO Urbs nostrae aetatis: Roma Locus inventionis: Roma, Foro Romano, area del Comitium, complesso sacro coperto dal Lapis Niger Locus adservationis: Roma, Foro Romano, area del Comitium, complesso sacro coperto dal Lapis Niger Rerum inscriptarum distributio: cippus Rei materia: lapis tophus Mensurae: Alt.: 90 Lat.: 47.9 Crass./Diam.: 52 litt. alt.: 3,5-12,4 Status tituli: tit. fragmentum Scriptura: scalpro Lingua: latina Religio: Pagana Titulorum distributio: fasti, leges, acta Virorum distributio: reges, viri notab. exter. gent.; offic. magg., Augg., mun.? Editiones: CIL 06, 36840 (1) CIL 01 (2 ed.), 0001 (2), cfr. pp. 717 (3), 739 (4), 831 (5), 853-854 (6) ILS 4913 (7) ILLRP 0003 (8) Degrassi, Imagines, 0378a-d (9) A.E. Gordon, Illustrated Introduction to Latin Epigraphy, Berkeley-Los Angeles - London 1983, pp. 78-80, nr. 4, con bibliografia e foto (Pl. 3) (10) F. Coarelli, Il Foro Romano. I. Il periodo arcaico, Roma 1983, pp. 178-188 (11) R. Wacthter, Altlateinische Inschriften. Sprachlichen und epigraphischen Untersuchungen zu den Dokumenten bis etwa 150 v.Chr., Bern 1987, pp. 66-69, §25-26 (12) La grande Roma dei Tarquini (catalogo della mostra), Roma 1990, pp. 58-59, 3.13, con facsimile (M. Cristofani) (13) Cfr. P. Carafa, Il comizio di Roma dalle origini all'età di Augusto, Roma 1998, pp. 128-131 (14) Stud. Rom., 49, 2001, pp. 6-14, nr. 1, con foto, facsimili e disegni ricostruttivi (Tavv. I-V) (A. Morandi) (15) O, Licandro, Il diritto inciso. Lineamenti di epigrafia giuridica romana, Catania 2002, pp. 108-117 (16) Cfr. Acme, 58, fasc. 3, 2005, pp. 79-106 (A. Porretta) - AE 2005 (17) AE 2005, 0195 (18) M. Hartmann, Die frühlateinischen Inschriften und ihre Datierung, Bremen 2005, pp. 122-130 (2.2.5), 192-197 (3.1.4), 211-212 (3.2.1), 217-218 (3.3.2.), 252-256 (3.4.2.6), con foto, facsimili, ricostruzione grafica e ampia bibliografia (19) La grande Roma dei Tarquini (Atti del XVII Convegno Internazionale di Studi sulla Storia e l'Archeologia dell'Etruria), Roma 2010, pp. 387-397, §2, con ricostruzione grafica (Tav. 3) (A.L. Prosdocimi) (20) cfr. AION (ling.), 30, 2008 [2010], pp. 235-237 (M. Mancini) (21) Alessandria, 5, 2011, pp. 439-451 (G. Sarullo) (22) (riesame critico della storia degli studi) Terme di Diocleziano. La collezione epigrafica, Milano 2012, pp. 95-99, nr. II,2, con foto (F. Coarelli) (23) HD016204 (B. Ruck) (24) cfr. Genres épigraphiques et langues d'attestation fragmentaire dans l'espace méditerranéen (Cahiers d'ERIAC, 9), Rouen 2015, pp. 69-72, con facsimili (G. Sarullo) (25) cfr. Incontri Linguistici, 38, 2015, pp. 139 -157 (G. Rocca) (sull'incipit dell'iscrizione) (26) Index, 44, 2016, pp. 73-90 (E. Tassi Scandone) (27) A. Morandi, Epigrafia Italica 2, Roma 2017, pp. 70-74 nr. 60, con foto (Tav. XI, 1-3), apografi (fig. 16) e ricostruzione grafica del monumento (fig. 15) (28) Med. Ant., 21, 2018, pp. 634-635 (E. Bianchi) (29) O. Licandro, Ius scriptum. Lineamenti di Epigrafia e Papirologia, Rome - Bristol 2020, pp. 152-161 (30) http://www.epigraphica-romana.fr/notice/detail?notice=22357 (31) Center for Epigraphical and Paleographical Studies - Ohio State University, https://kb.osu.edu/handle/1811/99479 (con foto) (32) Textus:

#### Textus:

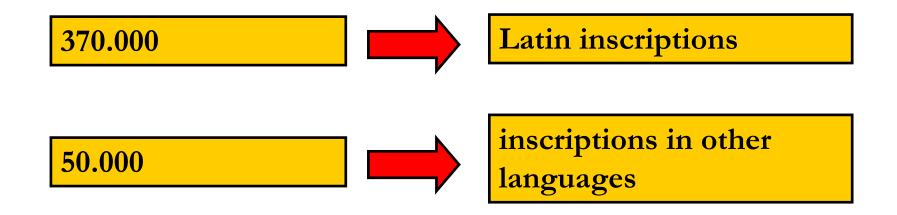
```
<: in latere A>
Quoi hon[---]
[---] sakros es=
ed sord[---]
 <: in latere B>
[----]sa+ias
recei io[---]
[---]evam
quos re[---]
 <: in latere C>
[---]m kalato=
rem ha+[---]
[---]tod iouxmen=
ta kapia dotav[---]
 <: in latere D>
miteri +[----]
[---]m quoi ha=
velod negu[---]
[---]tod iovestod
 <: in latere E>
loiuquiod qo[---].
```

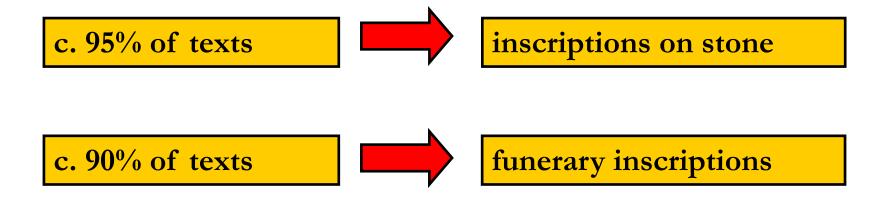
Apparatus: Textus secundum (15) et (23), contulit, ut potuit, ad imagines photographicas et ad apographos Nonnis a. 2015.
De loco inventionis cfr. EDR140721.
Un calco del cippo è esposto nel Museo Nazionale Romano - Terme di Diocleziano. (23)
Cippo di forma parallelepipeda a pianta poligonale.
Misure: 47 x 52 (parte bassa), 43 x 45 parte alta, alt. conservata 90 (15).
Iscrizione incisa sulle diverse facce del cippo (A-E), con righe disposte in verticale, alternativamente dal basso verso l'alto e viceversa (ad eccezione della p
Interpunzione circolare ad incavo (in genere terna di punti disposti in verticale): cfr. Misc. Gr. Rom. 18, 1994, p. 131 (R. Zucca).
Tempus: 580 a.C. / 551 a.C. (archaeologia; palaeographia; lingua)
Schedae scriptor: DAVID2 NONNIS (RUCK) Tempus schedae: 02-07-2019 (04-12-2022)

Valore fonetico	Modello greco occid.	Etrusco arcaico	Etrusco classico	Latino arcaico	Latino classico	Valore fonetico
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n	~	Ч	ч	М	N	n
5		B				-
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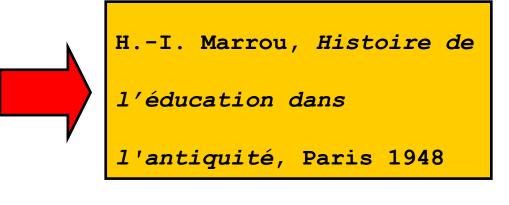
# The Latin alphabet

# The figures of the epigraphic cultures of the Roman world





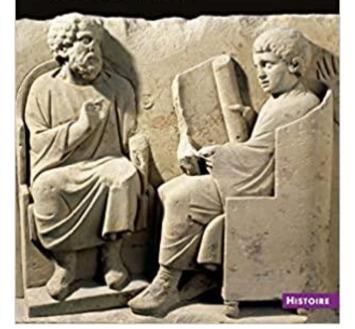
# The scientific debate on literacy rates in the Roman world: the traditional option



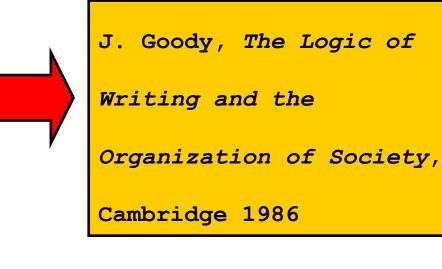


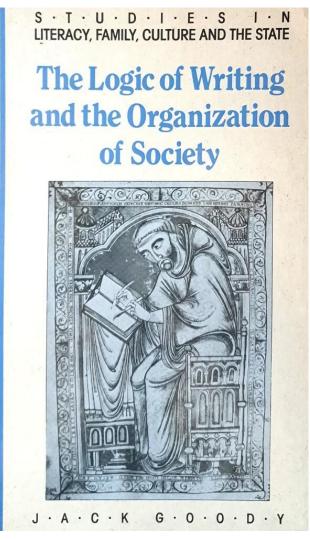
POINTS

2. Le monde romain

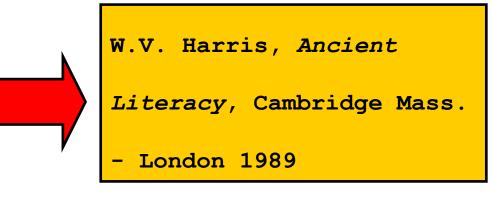


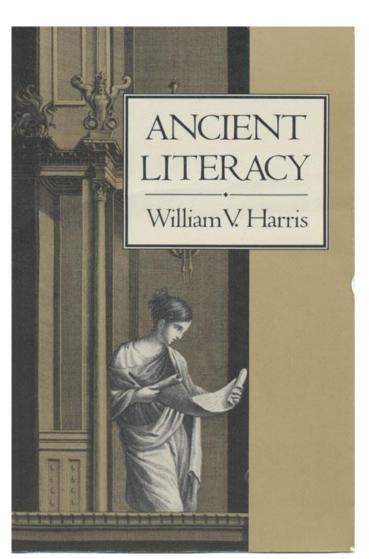
# The scientific debate on literacy rates in the Roman world: the anthropological approach





# The scientific debate on literacy rates in the Roman world: the minimalist option





# The scientific debate on literacy rates in the

#### Roman world: more recent reactions

Literacy in the Roman

World, ed. J.H. Humphrey,

Ann Arbor 1991 (= Journal

of Roman Archaeology.

Supplementary Series, 3)

Literacy in the Roman world

Mary Beard Alan K. Bowman Mireille Corbier Tim Cornell James L. Franklin, Jr. Ann Hanson Keith Hopkins Nicholas Horsfall

JOURNAL OF ROMAN ARCHAEOLOGY SUPPLEMENTARY SERIES, no. 3

# The scientific debate on literacy rates in the Roman world: more recent reactions



voir, donner à lire.

Mémoire et communication

dans la Rome ancienne,

Paris 2006

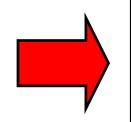
Mireille Corbier

# DONNER À VOIR, DONNER À LIRE

Mémoire et communication dans la Rome ancienne



# The scientific debate on literacy rates in the Roman world: more recent reactions





in the Graeco-Roman East,

Berkeley - Los Angeles -

London 2011



EVERYDAY WRITING IN THE GRÆCO-ROMAN EAST Why did the Romans write?

To communicate with deities (sacred contexts)







#### Why did the Romans write?

To commemorate and remember (public contexts)



TOEDVSVECVMQVIAVSVOLEPFACERETICEATTAVTILLOVITEDVON/G ITIVLIOCATSARTACTIBER HOOVECLINDIOCAESERI ANGCER MANICO VIIQVELISENALVMHABER HARTATONEMEACERE REMITTED AN CONSULA PROBETATIONEM DISCESSIONEMOVEDACEPE LI CENT ITAVTHECVITEDIVO/NGTIVLIOCAESARIANCTICENDIOCEESARI AVCVSTOGERAUNICO

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VIIOVE OVIEWS LEGIEVS # I FEBLVE SCITI SSCRIPTUMENTINFORUS ANG IIBER IV SVEIVLIVSCAESA RAVGTIBER IV SOVE CLAVDIV SCAESA RAVG CERM ANICVS TENER ENTURIS LEGIEVS PLEASOVE SCITI SIMPLAESAR VESPASIANUS / SOUVINSII / OVAFOVE FXO VAO UNICER OGATION E DIV VMAVG TIBER FVM VEIVIIVM CAESA REM ANS TIBER IV MUE / CLAV DIVMCA FSARE MANG GERM ANICUM FACER FOP OR IVIT EACOMNI ATM PCAESAR INFSPASIAN O/ ANG EACERFILL CEAT VIOVE OVAFANTEH ANCLEGEM/ROGAT AMACTAGES T A DECRETATIMEER AT A ABIMPER A TORF CAESA REVESPASIANOAVG IV SSVM AND ATV VETIVS 'AO VOOVESVINTE APERINDEIVSIARATAQ SINT ACSIPOPULI PLE BIS VETIVS SVACTAESSENT /

## SANCTIO'

SIQUEST VIVSCELEGES ERCOA DV ER SVS LEGES ROGATIONISTLEBESVESCITA SINATUSVI CONSULTATÉCITÉECERTESEVE QVODEVIA EXLEGER OGATION E TEBESVESCITO'S VECTÀCER LOPOR TEBET NONFÉCERTE HVIVS-LEGIS ERCOLDEENE ER AVDITESTO-NEVEQUET OBEAM REMITORVEODA REDEBETO MIVE CVIDETA REACTIONIVETVOICA LEOESTO NEVE OVISIDEEA REAPVD Why did the Romans write? To publish laws and juridical regulations (public contexts)



#### [Home Page]

- 1. Leges regiae, rogatae, dat.
- 2. Senatus consulta
- 3. Constitutiones principis
- 4. Responsa prudentium
- 5. Acta magistratuum
- 6. Foedera et arbitria
- 7. Privilegia veteranorum
- 8. Ius iurandum
- 9. Negotia I II
- 10. Codex Theodosianus
- 11. Theodosiani Novellae
- 12. Corpus Iuris Civilis
- 13. Leges Rom. Barbarorum
- 14. Varia
- 15. Auctores veteres Latini
- 16. Lingua Etrusca et Italica
- 17. Lingua Francogallica I II
- 18. Lingua Anglica
- 19. Lingua Hispanica
- 20. Libraria numerica
  - [What's new?] [Bibliography] [Resources]



### https://droitromain.univ-grenoble-alpes.fr



Why did the Romans write?

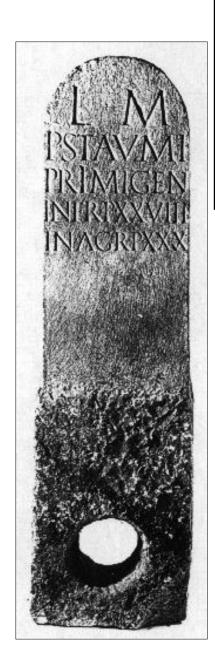
To reproduce serial

messages

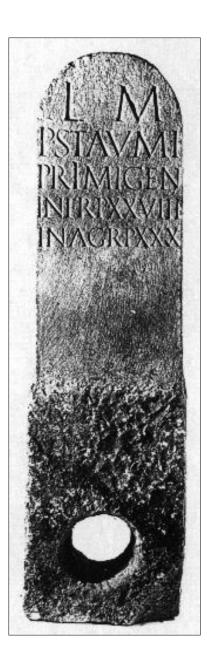
(private contexts)







Why did the Romans write? To commemorate the dead and remember their names (private contexts)







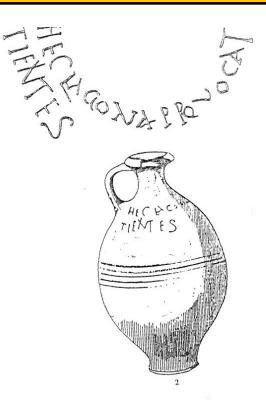
Why did the Romans write?

To label merchandise

(private contexts)



Why did the Romans write? To mark property (private contexts)

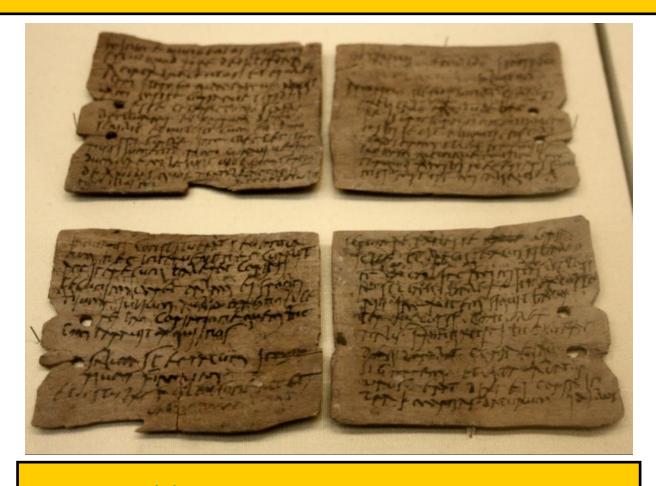


#### www.cvaonline.org





Why did the Romans write? To communicate personal messages (private contexts)



http://vindolanda.csad.ox.ac.uk

## Vindolanda Tablets Online

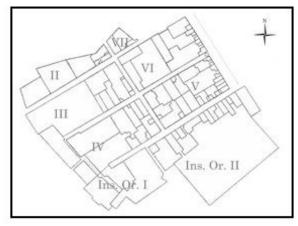
Search database	This online edition of the Vindolanda writing tablets, excavated from the Roman fort at Vindolanda in northern England, includes the following elements:
View tablet number	Tablets - a searchable online edition of the tablets (volumes I and II)
(118-573):	Exhibition - an introduction to the tablets and their context
go	Reference - a guide to aspects of the tablets' content
View all Tablets	Help - navigation and using the site
Search Tablets	Also available are <u>highlights from the tablets</u> .
Browse Tablets	The website is part of the Script, Image and the Culture of Writing in the Ancient World programme, supported by the Andrew W. Mellon Foundation.
General search (Excluding Tablets	It is a collaborative project between the <u>Centre for the Study of Ancient Documents</u> and the <u>Academic Computing Development Team</u> , Oxford University.
database)	Scholarly publications should refer to this site as:
Text:	Vindolanda Tablets Online http://vindolanda.csad.ox.ac.uk/
	Editions of individual tablets may be cited in the form http://vindolanda.csad.ox.ac.uk/TVII-291 (Tab. Vindol. II 291)
search	Feedback: if you are using Vindolanda Tablets Online for teaching, research or general interest, please send us your <u>comments</u> on the site.

Why did the Romans write? To communicate political and ideological messages (semi-public contexts)





#### Herculaneum



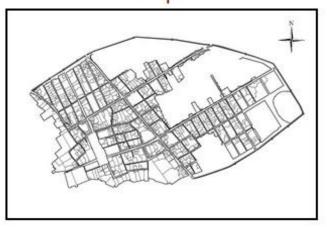
#### Ancient Graffiti

Welcome to The Ancient Graffiti Project, a digital resource for locating and studying handwritten inscriptions of the early Roman empire. These ancient messages and sketches offer a window into the daily life and interests of the people who lived in the ancient world, especially in Herculaneum and Pompeii. They provide perspectives on Roman society, the ancient economy, religion, spoken language, literacy, and activities within the ancient city.

#### Welcome

The aim of AGP is to allow scholars and the public to explore ancient handwritten wallinscriptions and to understand them in context. We have designed AGP to be a **user-friendly resource**. We provide maps to help viewers understand where graffiti appeared in the ancient city and we offer our own translations and brief summaries of the graffiti. Try out the <u>maps</u> above, <u>browse</u> around, or begin a search.

#### Pompeii

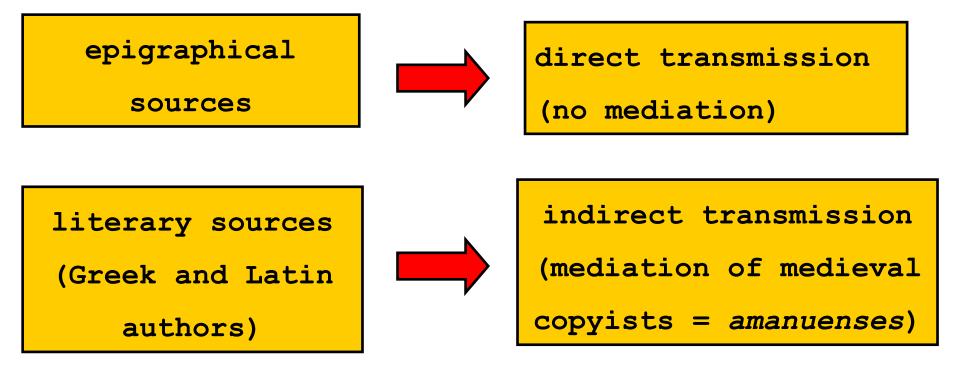


#### **Scholarly Editions**

The inscriptions presented here are our critical editions of the ancient texts, many of which offer updates to the *Corpus Inscriptionum Latinarum*. We provide information on how to cite our editions in each entry. We have compiled up-to-date bibliography, a critical apparatus, and links to further information, and we include photographs from our fieldwork as well as the enhanced photographs and linedrawings we have created in order to accurately represent the inscriptions and make them legible

http://agp.wlu.edu

The authenticity of inscribed objects



# The Corpus inscriptionum

#### Latinarum (CIL)

2225 Venetiis in fundamentis S. Petri de Castello in campanili ANTIQUI; prope eius ostium add. MAN.; In turri macra Olivolonsi MANUT. Ibidem adhuc MOSCHINI 1819. Nunc ablata ex ea turri extat in museo Salutis.

in latere navis,	ENNIA · P · L · VENERIA
cuius in velo	SIBI ET
crux est; gu- bernator nim-	T.TROSIO .T.F.SECVNDO
bum habet	T. SAVFEIO . STEIPANI . L sic
5	MAGIRO · V

Contuli. Antiquus habet, scilicet Marcanova cod. Bern. n. 425, cod. Mut. f. 177' n. 8; Felicianus n. 10; Ferrarinus cod. Trai. f. 52, cod. Reg. n. 10; Redianus f. 51 n. 6; Gammarus f. 82'; Lilius f. 58; Iucundus f. 191 (inde male per Gorium Mur. 1632, 1); Sanutus f. 50'; Apianus 324, 5 (inde Grut. 973, 3); Trivisan *lagune* ed. 2 p. 67 (a quo videntur pendere Rocco Curti f. 693 ot chron. Anonymi in cod. Cicognae 2979) item ex codice simili opinor. Denuo ex lapide Manutius cod. Vat. 5248 p. 1 (ibidem p. 8 legitur ex Marcanova descripta, emendata ad lapidem); Moschini *itin. de la ville de Venise* (1819) p. 4, *chiesa della Salute* (1842) p. 93. 5<sup>°</sup> v.F pro v priores.

#### CORPVS

### **INSCRIPTIONVM LATINARVM**

CONSILIO ET AVCTORITATE

## ACADEMIAE LITTERARVM REGIAE BORVSSICAE

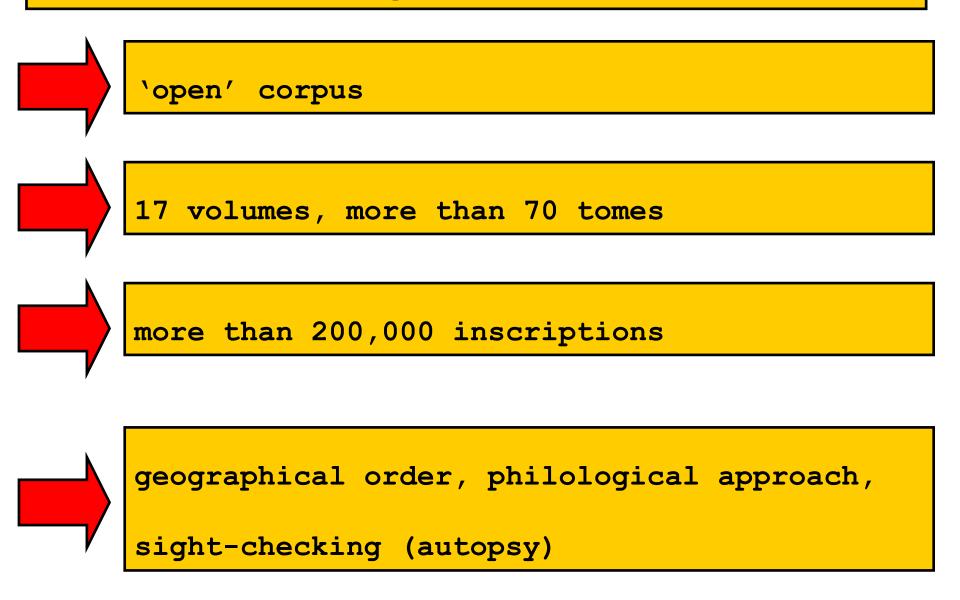
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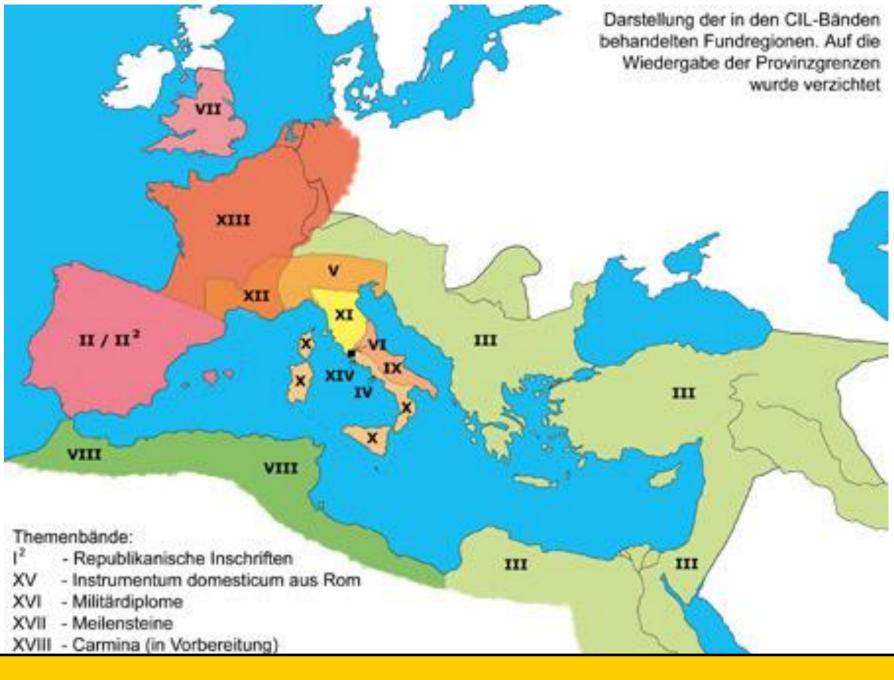
VOLVMINIS QVINTI PARS PRIOR

BEROLINI APVD GEORGIVM REIMERY

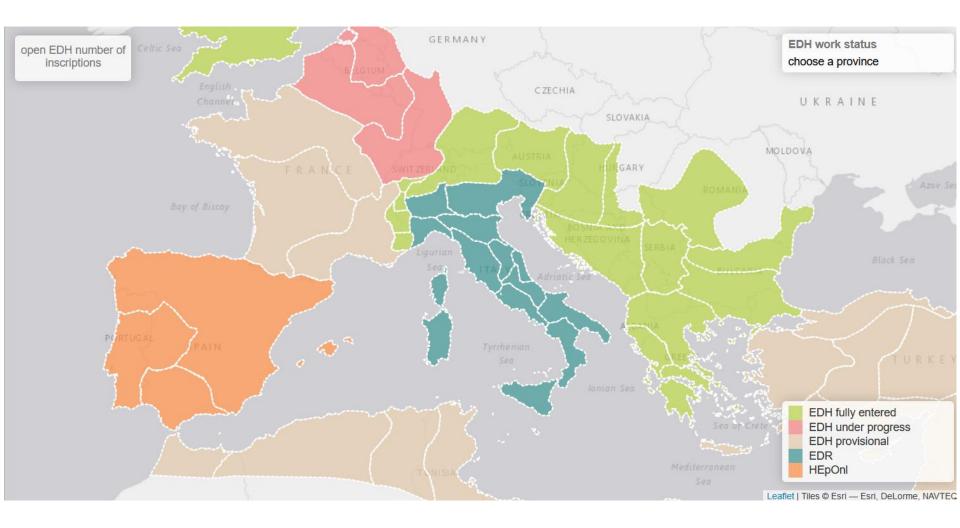
MDCCCLXXII

#### The figures of the CIL





#### The volumes of the CIL



The epigraphic databases of the EAGLE federation

### The epigraphic databases of the EAGLE federation

EDR (Epigraphic Database Roma)

www.edr-edr.it

all Greek and Latin inscriptions before the 7th century CE from Italy, according to their best existing edition, including a rich set of metadata and images

official language of the database: Latin

+100,000 entries, +70,000 images

The Roman onomastic system for free-born men

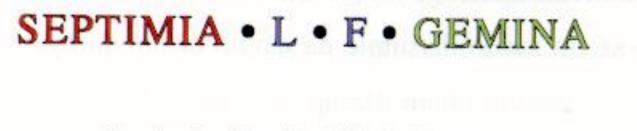
## (so-called *tria nomina*)

# A • CAESILIVS • A • F • VEL • ACASTINVS

A(ulus) Caesilius A(uli) f(ilius) Vel(ina tribu) Acastinus

praenomen	nomen	patronymic	tribus	cognomen
g	gentilicium			
individual	family	father's	voting	nickname
name	name	ind. name	tribe	(real ind. name)

# The Roman onomastic system for free-born women



Septimia L(uci) f(ilia) Gemina

nomen	patronymic	cognomen	
gentilicium			
family	father's	nickname	
name	individual name	(real ind. name)	

# The Roman onomastic system for slaves

# CINNAMVS • SEX • CAESI • MARCELLI • S

Cinnamus Sex(ti) Caesi Marcelli s(ervus)

*simplex* master's *tria nomina* 

nomen

## The Roman onomastic system for freedmen

# SEX • CAESIVS • SEX • L • CINNAMVS

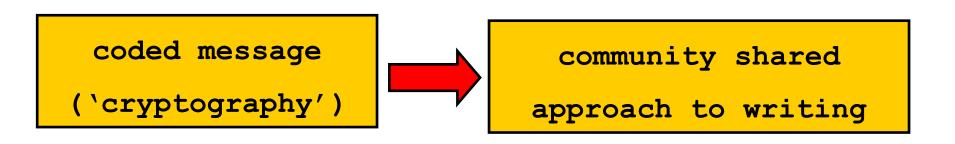
Sex(tus) Caesius Sex(ti) l(ibertus) Cinnamus

praenomen	nomen	patronate	cognomen
8	entilicium		
individual	family	master's	nickname
name	name	ind. name	(real ind. name)

## Main diacritics used in epigraphy and papyrology

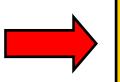
L	
Sign	Explanation
[abc]	letters missing from the original text due to lacuna, restored by the editor
a(bc)	abbreviation in the text, expanded by the editor
	characters erroneously omitted by the ancient scribe, restored or corrected
<ab></ab>	by the editor
{ab}	letters in the text considered erroneous and superfluous by the editor
	characters damaged or otherwise unclear in the text, ambiguous outside of
ạķ	their context
<u>ab</u>	letters read by previous editors, but now disappeared
+++	traces of letters on the surface, insufficient for restoration by the editor
,	
ABC	clear but incomprehensible letters
[[abc]]	deleted letters

The main difficulty about Latin inscriptions: abbreviations!



no clues on how to





main shorthand
method: truncation
(wrongly referred
to as punctuation)

#### Abbreviations in Latin inscriptions

FERAL, F. ferales feriæ. EX. CON. C. ex confenfu civitatis, vel con-FER. L. C. ferhrum Latinarum causi. F. fulum. F. E. S. fecit è fuo, fecit et fibi, EX. CONS. ORD. PAT. ex conful ordina-F F. ET. S. fecit et facravit. fecit et fibl. FACIUNDUM, factum, familia, rius patritius. famula. fattus dies. Februarius, fecit. F. F. fabricaverunt, fieri fecit, filia fecit, ed **FXCORRECT**, excorrector, feliciter, felix, femina, fides, fieri, filia, filius, filius, filius familias, fili duo, flando feriundo, EX. COS. ex confel. finis. flamen. forum, frater, frons, fuit, fulvo, fidem freit. F.X. D. ex decreto. ex decurif. ex domo. F. filia. FF. FF. fabricaveront. fecerunt, fratres, fun-EX. D. A. vel EX. D. AUG. ex domo Au-F. A. filize amantifiimæ. filio amantifinno. daverunt. guita, wel Auguiti. FA, familia, femina, filia. EX. D. D. ex decreto decorionum. P. P. po-F. FA. F. FAM. vel F. FAM. filius familia. FAB. faber. Fabia. Fabius. fabrum. fuere. PROMAG. L. D. ex decreto decurio-FFB. fabricaverunt. F. AB. HEREDIS. TEST. FIE. JUS. f.e-F. F. C. filio faciundum curavit. num promagiftro locus datus. tum ab heredibus tellamentum fieri juffit. EX. DEC. AL. ex decreto alz. ex decutioni-FF. C. ferme centum, FABR. fabrum. fabrocum. Fabricius. F. F. J. C. Flaviorum duorum conliberta. bus alm. FABROR, NAVAL, UTRICLAR, fabro-FFD. fundsverunt. EX. DEC. DEC. MUN. MAL. ex decreto rum navalium utriclatiorum. F. FE. fortunz felici. decurionum municipii Malacitania FABR. TIG. faber tignarius. EX. DISP. POS, ex difuofitione pofuit. F. F. E. hat fides ejus. FAC. faciundum, factum, F. F. F. ferro, flamma, fame, Flavius, filius, EX. DO. A. EX. DO. AUG. vel EX. DO. FAC, B. factum bene. fecit. AUG. ex doma Augusta, vel Augusti. FAC. C. faciundum curavit. F. FF. fabricare forement S. P. P. S. facris publicis przettó funt. fui TER. Terentina, tribut. tercenarius. Termit ST. SN. fententià fénatús. pecunia peluit fibi. nalia, tertia, tertiam. S. T. T. L. fit tibi terra levis. S. P. P. S. F. full pecunifi ponere fibi fecit. TEREN. Terentina, tribut. STUPED, Ripendiarum, U pro I. fumptu proprio fie procutavit fieri. TEN. N. P. Terminalia nefattus primo. ST. XXXV. flipendüs triginta quinque. 1.81 S. P. Q. E. fibi pofterifque ejus. TERT. tertium. S. V. Roulerung voluit, fibi vivens, Tolvit vo-S. P. Q. L. fenarus populufque Lanvinue. TES. OB. Teftoricz oblignature. tum. S. P. Q. NOLAN. D. D. fenatus populus que TESE, tefferarius. SU. fus. funs. Nolanus dono dedit, vel dedicavit. TEST. P. C. teftamento ponendum curavit. SUA, PEC. DD. fuil pecunia dedicavit. S. P. Q. R. CL. V. fenatus populuíque Ro-T. F. teftamento feri, Titi filius. SUB. Suburrana, tribus. manus clypeum vovit. T. F. A. N. Titi filius Auli nepos. SUB. A. D. or S. A. D. fub afeia dedicavit. S. P. O. R. IMP. CAES. fenatus populus que T. F. CN. N. Titi filius Cazi nepos. S. V. B. E. E. V. 6 vales bene effrego valeo. Romanus imperatori Carfari. OB. CIV. SER. T. F. F. S. teftamento fieri fecit fibi, vol fi-SUBPRAEF, CLASS. PR. MIS. fubprafecob cives fervatos. OP. 1 RIN. fenatus populoftulum. tus claffis prætoriæ Mifenensis. que Romanus optimo principi. PAREN

CURDE OUR VY AL

T. F. I. F.X. H. V. toflamento fieri iuffit en

# **INTERNET SLANG ABBREVIATION**

Acronym - Meaning Acronym - Meaning Acronym - Meaning					
AFAIK	As far as I know	ICYMI	In case you missed it	POV	Point of view
ΑΚΑ	Also known as 🛛 🔬	IDC	I don't care	PPL	People
АМА	Ask me anything	IDK	I don't know	SCNR	Sorry could not resist
BRB	Be right back	IKR	I know right	sмн	Shaking my head
BTW	By the way	ILY	l love you	SPOC	Single point of contact
сυ	See you	ІМНО	In my humble opinion	ТВА	To be announced
CYS	Check your settings	IMO	In my opinion	твн	To be honest
EOBD	End of Business Day	JK	Just kidding	TGIF	Thank God is Friday 🧹
FACK	Full acknowledge	LMK	Let me know	тнх	Thanks God is Friday
FAQ	Frequently asked questions	LOL	Laugh out loud	тмі	Too much information
FKA	Formerly known as	NM	Not much	TTYL	Talk to you later
FYI	For you information	NRN	No reply necessary	TTYS	Talk to you soon
HBD	Happy birthday	NVM	Never mind	ΤΥνΜ	Thank you very much
нмв	Hit me back	OMG	Oh my God	WFM	Works for me
ΗΜυ	Hit me up	OMW	On my way	WRT	With regard to
нтн	Hope this helps	отон	On the other hand	YAM	Yet another meeting